

Data Subject Information

Registration no.:	29000-148/257/2018.RAV.
Title of data processing	Records of persons visiting the Police website - www.police.hu
The purpose of data processing	Preparation of visitor statistics
Legal basis of data processing	Article 6 (1) a) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation);
Addressees	The data can be accessed by the administrators of the Police website. Personal data will not be disclosed by the controller to third parties other than the designated parties. This does not apply to any data transfers that may be required by law, which may only take place in the cases and under the conditions set out in the relevant legal provision. Before executing each request for data from public authorities, the data controller shall verify for each data item whether there is a legal basis or obligation to transfer the data.
Forwarding data to a third country or international organization	None.
Storage period, deletion deadline	The personal data collected is stored for 4 weeks, after which it is irretrievably deleted
Is the data providing based on legal act or contractual obligation, or is it a precondition for a contract	No data provision takes place.
Will the data managed be subject to automated decision-making or profiling	No.
<p>Rights of the data subject</p> <p>As regards data processing, by way of the data protection official of the organization dealing with data procession:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – can request information on data processing and may ask for access to data processed in connection with his/her person, – in case of inaccurate data, may ask for rectification, or completion in case of incomplete data, – may object to the processing of his/her data, – request the erasure of data processed on the basis of his/her consent, – may ask for a restriction of data processing. <p>As regards data processing by police data processing units, the right to data portability cannot be exercised.</p>	

The person concerned, **based on an information request**, may learn (if it is not subject to a restriction based on interest specified in a legal act) if a police data processing unit processes his/her data and is entitled to receive information in connection with data processed related to his/her person:

- for what purpose is his/her data processed,
- what is the legal basis for data processing,
- since when and until when is his/her data processed (duration),
- what data are processed - is entitled to receive a copy of it,
- addressees of the personal data and categories of the addressees,
- forwarding to a third country or international organization,
- rights concerning data processing,
- legal remedy possibilities.

The police data processing unit shall reply to **requests for information and access** within 30 days. For additional copies of the processed personal data of the person concerned, the police data processing unit may request a reasonable fee based on administrative costs. In certain cases, for example in order to prevent or prosecute criminal offences, the police data controller may refuse to provide information on the basis of legal provisions, in which case the reply will always indicate the legal provision on the basis of which the information had to be refused and the legal remedies available to the data subject.

In the case of a request for **rectification (modification) of data**, the data subject must substantiate the accuracy of the data requested to be amended and must also prove that the person entitled to the amendment is the person who requests the amendment. Only in this way can the police data controller assess whether the new data is real and, if so, whether it can amend the old data.

If it is not clear whether the data processed is correct or accurate, the police data processing unit does not correct the data, but only flags it, i.e., indicates that it has been challenged by the data subject, but it may not be incorrect. The data controller shall, without undue delay, correct inaccurate personal data or supplement the data concerned by the request, after confirming the authenticity of the request. The police data processing unit shall notify the data subject of the correction or flagging.

They also have the right to object at any time, on grounds relating to your particular situation, to the processing of their personal data necessary for the performance of tasks carried out in the exercise of official authority vested in the police authority, and to the processing of data based on legitimate interest. In that case, the police authority may no longer process the personal data, unless the police authority proves that the processing is justified by compelling legitimate grounds which override the interests, rights and freedoms of the data subject or are related to the establishment, exercise, or defence of legal claims.

A request for restriction of processing shall be complied with by the police data processing unit if one of the following conditions is met:

- the data subject contests the accuracy of the personal data, in which case the restriction applies for the period of time necessary to allow the controller to verify the accuracy of the personal data,
- the data processing is unlawful, and the data subject opposes the erasure of the data and instead requests the restriction of their use,

- the controller no longer needs the personal data for the purposes of the processing, but the data subject requests them for the establishment, exercise, or defence of legal claims or against the processing concerning him or her.

If the data is subject to a restriction, personal data other than storage may only be processed:

- with the consent of the data subject,
- to bring, assert or defend legal claims,
- to protect the rights of another natural or legal person, or
- based on an important public interest of the European Union or of a Member State.

The police data processing unit shall inform the data subject in advance of the lifting of the restriction on processing.

If the data subject considers that the processing is in breach of the provisions of the General Data Protection Regulation or that the processing of his or her personal data by the police data processing unit is prejudicial, he or she should contact the data protection official with the complaint. All complaints will be investigated.

If, despite having received a response to your complaint, you still have a grievance about the way your data is handled by the police data controller or you wish to contact the data protection authority directly, you can lodge a complaint with the National Authority for Data Protection and Freedom of Information (address: 1125 Budapest, Szilágyi Erzsébet fasor 22/c, postal address: 1530 Budapest, Pf.: 5. E-mail: ugyfelszolgalat@naih.hu, homepage: www.naih.hu).

To protect your data, you have the right to apply to the courts, which will rule on the case out of turn. In this case, you can decide whether to bring your claim in the court of your domicile (permanent address) or the court of your residence (temporary address) (<http://birosag.hu/torvenyszek>).

You can find the court in your place of residence or domicile at <http://birosag.hu/ugyfelkapcsolati-portal/birosag-kereso>.